

Plastics Technology for Minimally Invasive Medical Devices

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Definition

Less traumatic alternatives to traditional surgeries

Devices inserted through natural openings or small incisions

Broad application for diagnosis and treatment

Boston Scientific Corporation

MIS Growth

Population: increasing, aging

New innovations

New treatments

Funding for development

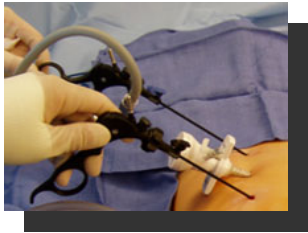
Good medical coverage

New and better materials

and ...



Examples



Arthroscopy – orthopaedic joint

Endoscopy - ear, gallbladder, knee, nose, throat

Laparoscopy - abdominal, gynecologic and urological

Video-Assisted Thorascopy – chest

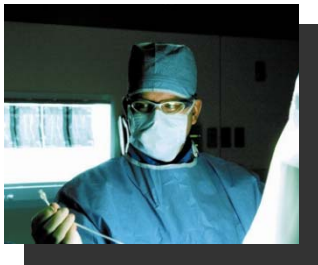
Ureteroscopy - urological : stones, tumors, strictures



Endovascular Surgery - from within the blood vessel

Ref: Cooper University

Endovascular MIS



2 major problems

- Aneurysm – abnormal dilatation
- Stenosis or occlusion - narrowing

Catheter Access

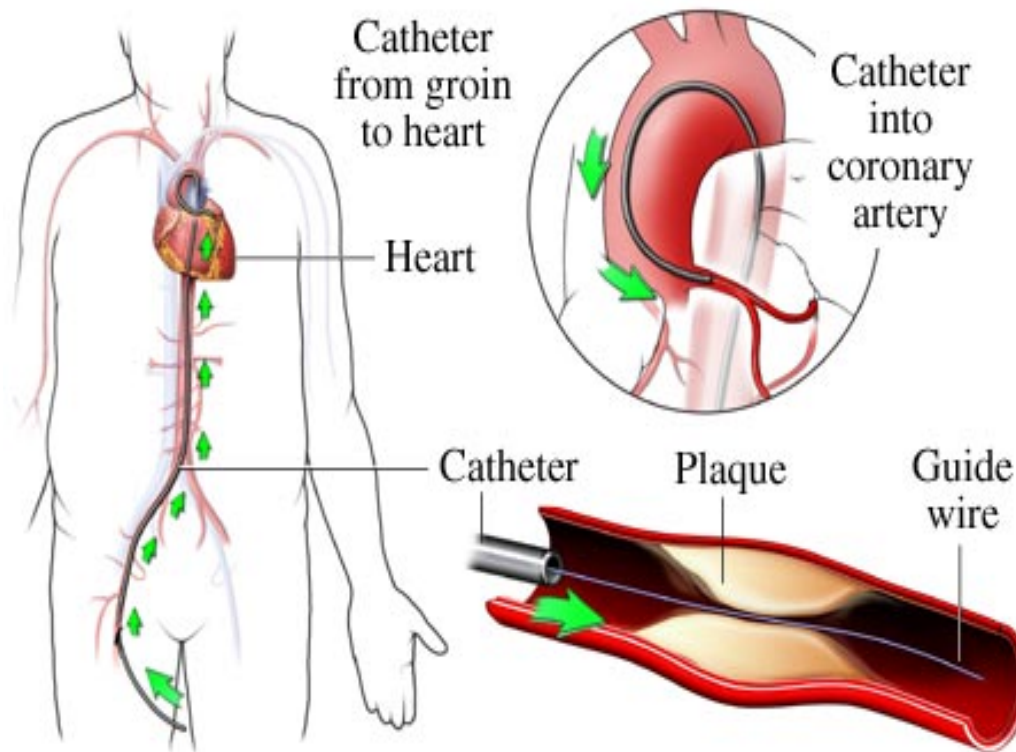
- Tube inserted into a smaller artery
- X-ray imaging may be used
- Femoral artery (groin) access

Common Procedures

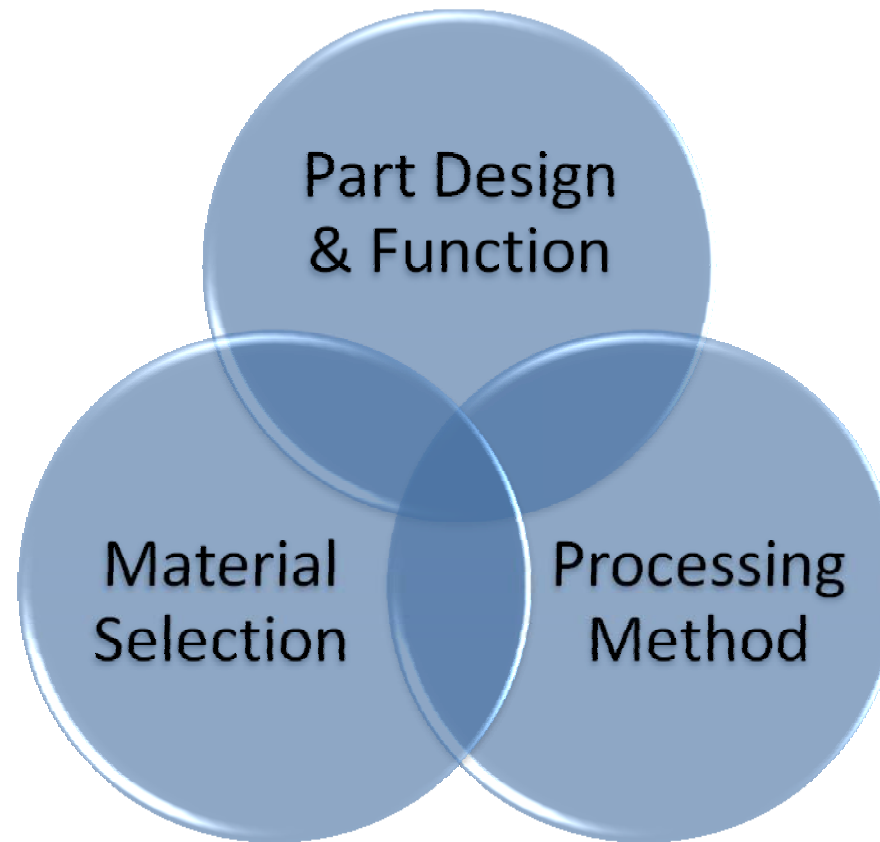
- Aneurysm: hollow tube to site & anchor
- Stenosis: angioplasty with stenting

Ref: Cooper University

Common Procedure



Vascular Device Considerations



Design Challenges

Angiographic Catheter

1989

OD .131" max PSI 500

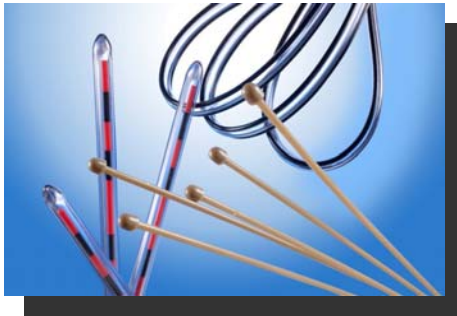
1999

OD .081" max PSI 900

2009

OD .039" max PSI 1200

Design 'Tradeoffs'



Shape of catheter can reduce trauma
No single material for all applications
Surface coatings modify catheter properties
Tradeoffs:

Flexible catheters - endothelial injury, BUT difficult to insert
Rounded tip - less traumatic BUT more difficult to insert

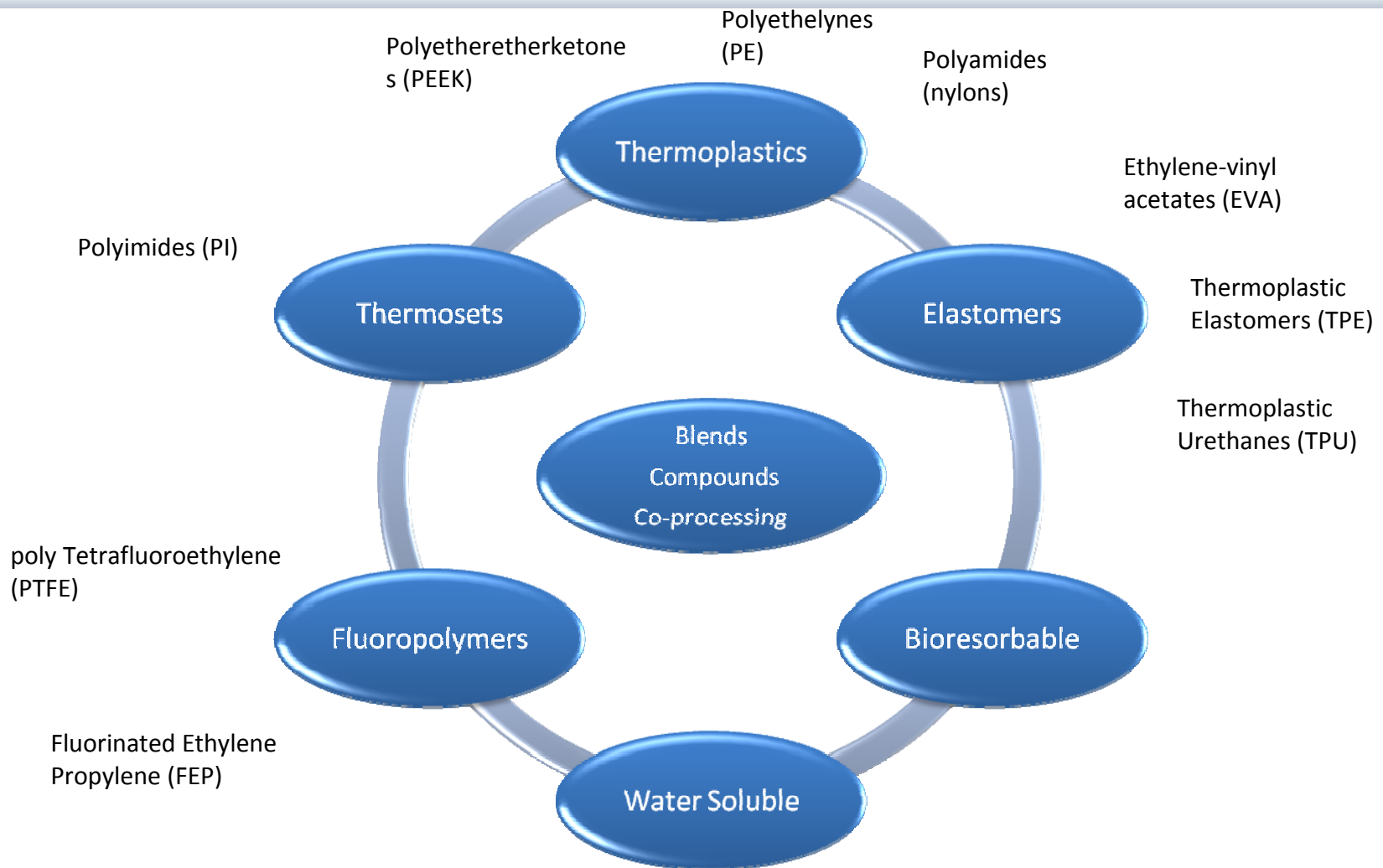
ref: www.nc3rs.org

Desired Material Properties

- High tensile strength
- Resists compression – maintains lumens
- Flexible – minimizes trauma
- Low friction
- Dimensional stable
- Tolerates sterilization
- Ease of fabrication – forming & bonding
- Non-permeable
- Accepts surface coatings

ref: www.nc3rs.org

Material Options



Choose Materials Carefully

Validate material change to Manufacturing Process

~8 month & \$150K

Validate material change to Design

Design Validation ~4m & \$75K

Sterility Validation ~ 2m & \$50K

Biological Testing ~ 4m & \$100K)

Product Life Cycle 2-3 years

Jim Culhane, Navilyst

Common Used Materials

Engineering TPE's

PEBA--Polyether Block Amides

COPE--Copolyesters

TPU--Thermoplastic Polyurethanes

Specialty TPE's

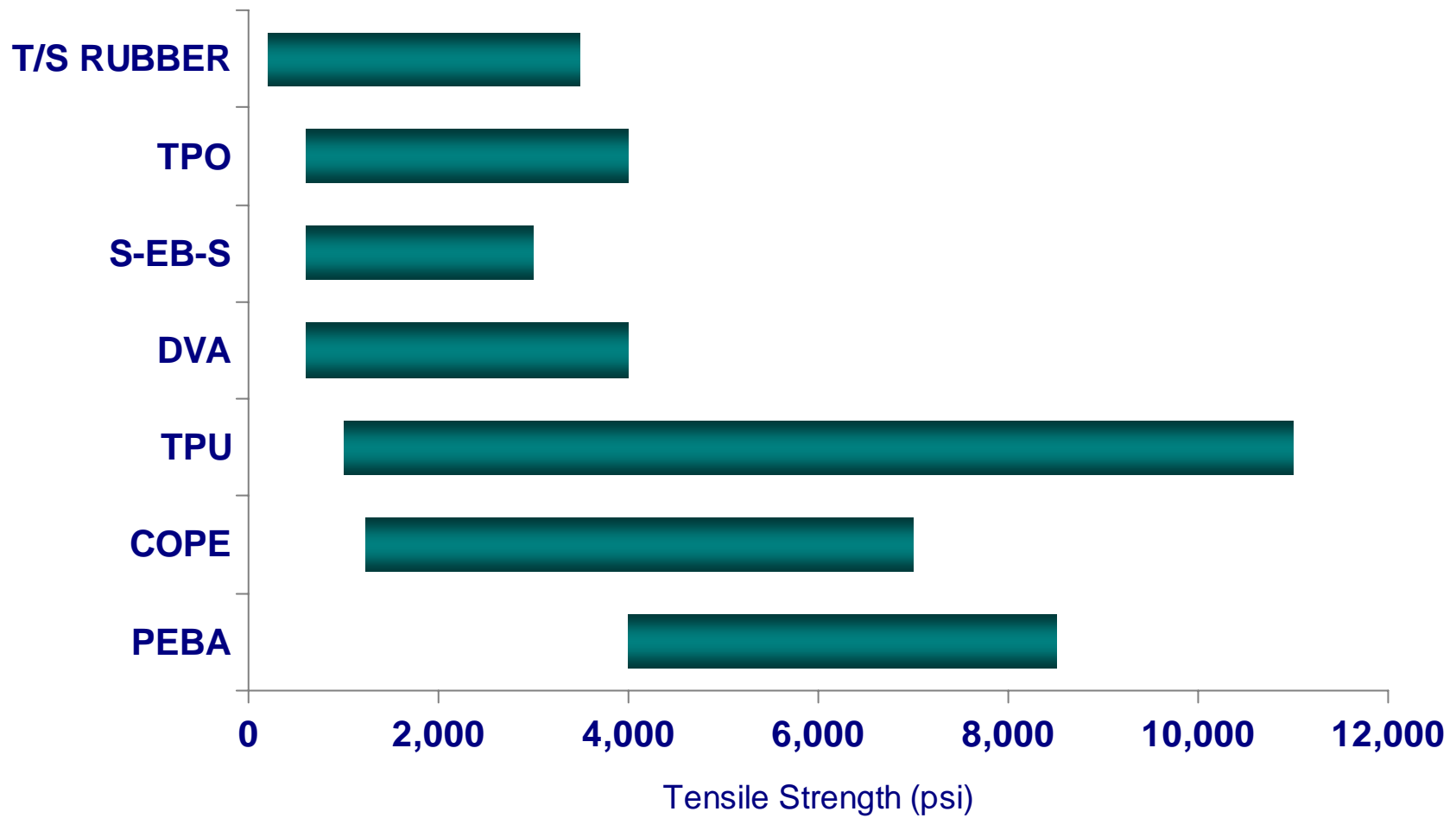
DVA--Dynamically Vulcanized Alloys

SBC--Styrenic Block Copolymers

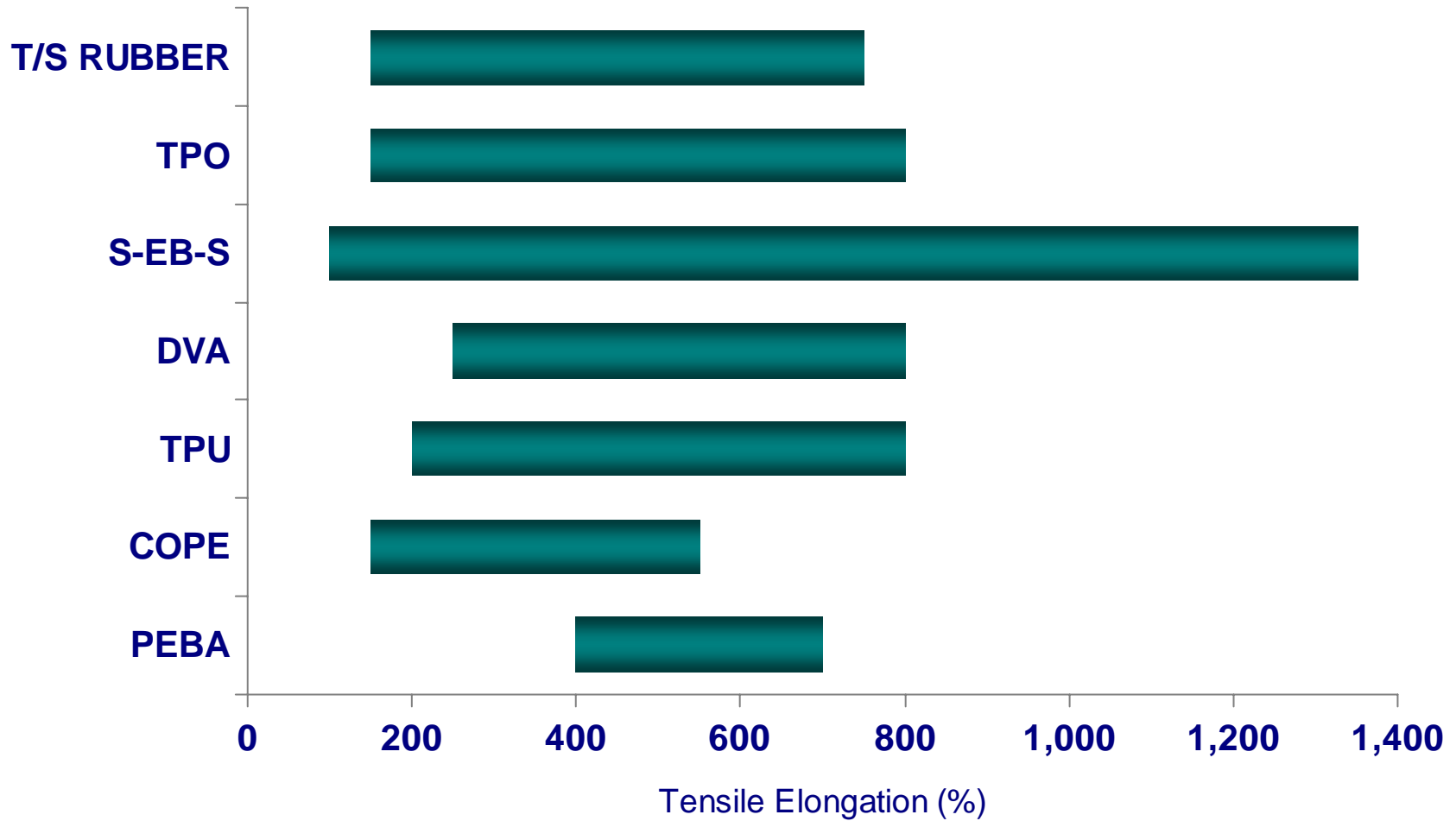
TPO--Thermoplastic Olefins

PVC--PVC Blends and Alloys

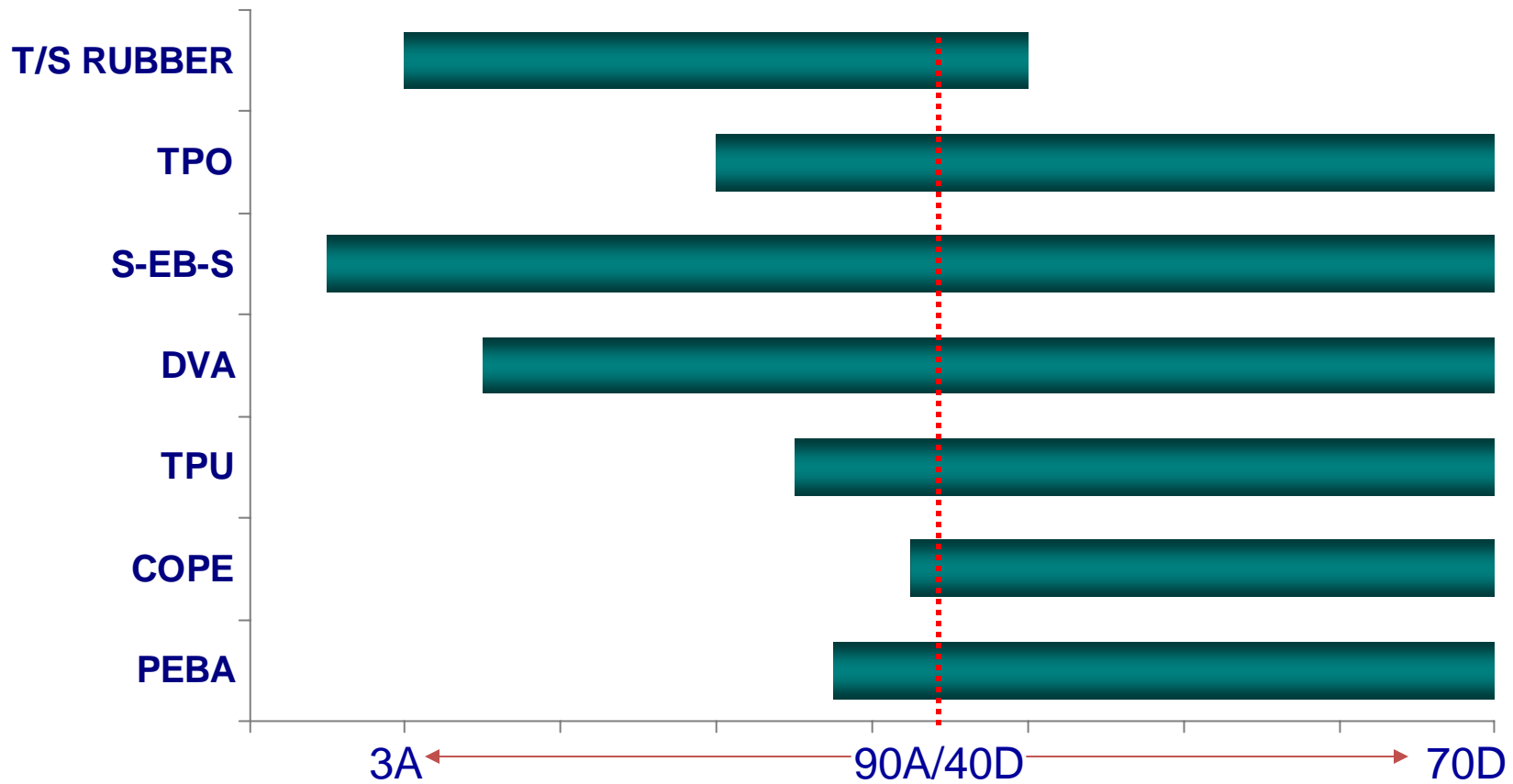
Strength



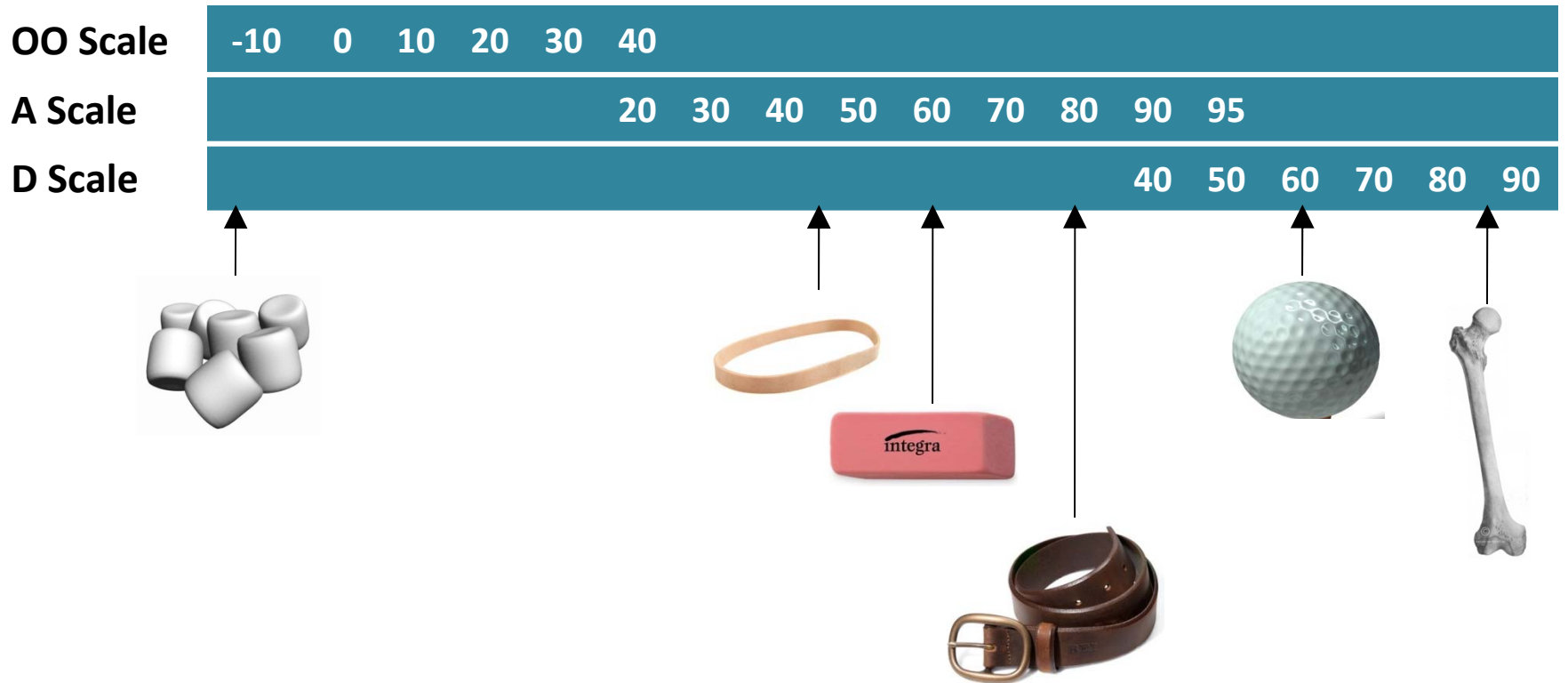
Elongation



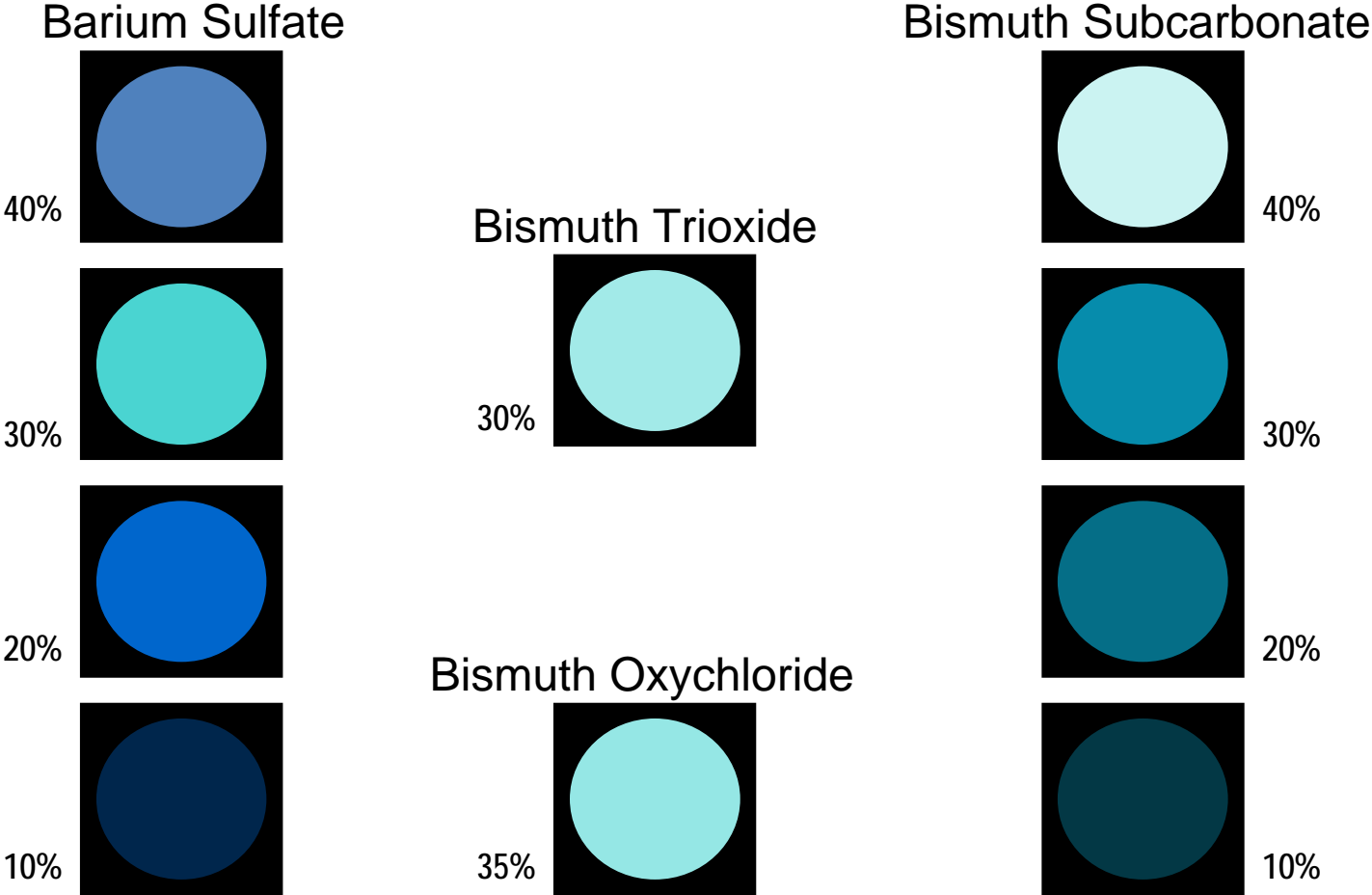
Hardness



Hard Language



Visibility Required?



Other Modifications

Colors

Heat stabilizers

Antioxidants

added to resins susceptible to process degradation

UV stabilizers

Processing aides

Internal/external lubrication

Lubricants

surface lubrication for COF

Special Treatments

Hydrophylic & Antimicrobial

Surface coating options

Duration of efficacy

Subject to wiping/removal

Polymer blended options

Permanent

Material & process dependant

Multilumen Extrusions



Provide working channels
Insertion of wires; transport fluids
Round & complex inside and out

Co-Extrusions



Multiple materials

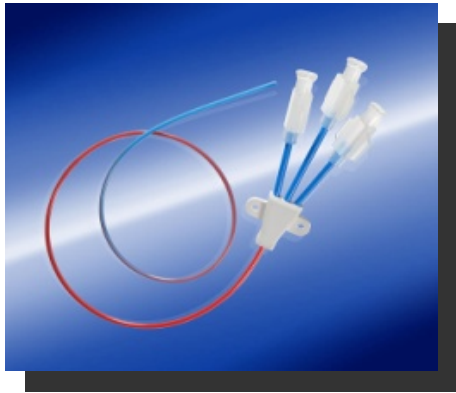
Catheter shafts

portion radiopaque, remaining clear for visibility of lumens

Guide wire

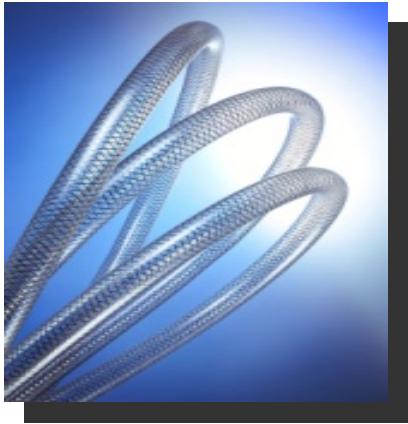
inner member hard/lubricious, soft/bondable outer surface

Total Intermittent Extrusion



Durometer varied along length
Soft tip
Combination flexibility/pushability.

Coil & Braid Reinforcements



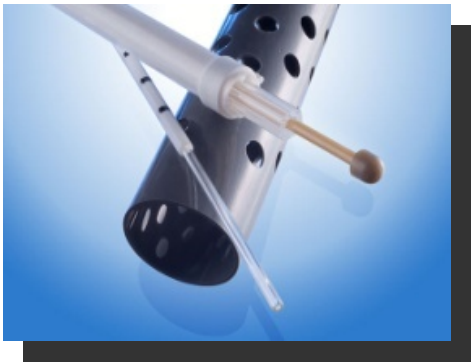
Coil resists collapse/buckling

Braid improves burst/torque

Single lumen & multi-lumen

Stainless steel, Nitinol, polymer fibers

RF Forming



Post extrusion shaping

Tip ends closed

Flare ends open for insertion

Welding extrusions

variations in geometry and/or hardness

Insert Molding



Injection molding connectors

Luers or hubs

Eliminates manual assembly

Provides a strong bond

Ideal for complex multi-lumens

Access to each lumen is required

Pad Printing



Inked graphics to outer surfaces
Orientation of catheter during use.
Surface pre-treatment technologies

For polyethylene, PEEK & polyimides.

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Enabling Polymer Technologies to Improve the Quality of Life™



polymer
distribution



foster
compounds



putnam
extrusions



custom
components



drug delivery &
implants